

EDITORIAL WORDS

LEARNING ENGLISH & IMPROVING VOCABULARY

ADVANCED WORD LIST-1 (NOV 10, 2021)

1. **tango** (noun) – (figuratively) two people involved in a bad/tough situation are equally responsible for it; (literally) Tango is a dance which requires two partners moving in relation to each other, sometimes in tandem (alongside each other), sometimes in opposition.
2. **waltz** (noun) - (figuratively) a quick and confident walk that annoys others. (literally) waltz meaning “to revolve” is highly popular ballroom dance involving two dancers who face each other and perform six steps.
3. **tie-up** (noun) – alliance, coalition.
4. **materialise** (verb) – happen, occur, take place.
5. **rue** (verb) - regret, be sorry about, feel apologetic about.
6. **pay the price/cost** (phrase) – experience the bad/unpleasant result of something; sacrifice, loss.
7. **complement** (verb) – accompany, go with, supplement, augment.
8. **ideological** (adjective) – relating to a system of ideas (ideology).
9. **outlook** (noun) – prospects, expectations, future.
10. **consonance** (noun) – agreement, compatibility, accordance.
11. **in terms of** (phrase) – with regard to, regarding/concerning, in connection with.
12. **campaign** (noun) – canvassing, electioneering, an act of soliciting (asking for/requesting) votes; an organized effort that seeks to influence the decision-making progress within a specific group.
13. **in the midst of** (phrase) – in the middle of.
14. **bruising** (adjective) – stressful, demanding/taxing, painful.
15. **feud** (noun) - argument, dispute, disagreement.
16. **collude** (verb) – collaborate, cooperate (secretly); conspire.
17. **flip side** (noun) – other side.
18. **strategy** (noun) – plan of action (in order to achieve a more expansive set of political, economic, and security interests).
19. **Enforcement Directorate (ED)** (noun) – Directorate of Enforcement is a specialized financial investigation agency under the Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India. It was established in the year 1956 with its Headquarters at New Delhi. It is responsible for enforcement of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (FEMA) (Civil Law) and certain provisions under the Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 (PMLA) (Criminal Law).
20. **take on** (phrasal verb) – compete against, oppose, challenge, confront, pit oneself against, vie with, stand up to.

Note:

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21. incentive (noun) – motivation, encouragement, impetus, boost.
22. hesitant (adjective) – uncertain, undecided, dubious, sceptical, reluctant.
23. illuminate (verb) - clarify, explain, elucidate, reveal, make clear.
24. point of view (noun) – opinion, viewpoint, standpoint.
25. relatively (adverb) – comparatively, proportionately, somewhat, to a certain extent/degree.
26. go by (phrasal verb) – follow, observe, heed.
27. pocket (noun) – a small area.
28. stronghold (noun) – bastion, fortress, fort.
29. reinforce (verb) – strengthen, support, fortify, bolster up, underpin.
30. stream (noun) – a continuous flow of something.
31. greener pastures (noun) – any new, better place or condition that is more favorable or beneficial.
32. pasture (noun) – grassland, pastureland, open country.
33. decimation (noun) – the destruction of a large proportion of a group.
34. irrevocably (adverb) – irreversibly, irreparably, unchangeably.
35. trump card (noun) – valuable resource used as a surprise in order to gain an advantage.
36. instructive (adjective) – informative, instructional, informational, explanatory, telling, revealing; good example, case study.
37. sear (verb) - distress, grieve, sadden, make miserable, trouble, cause anguish to, afflict, disturb.
38. novice (noun) – beginner, learner, inexperienced person, newcomer, new member.
39. compelling (adjective) - captivating, fascinating, thrilling, engrossing.
40. thrust (noun) – substance, spirit, intention, meaning, significance.
41. bipolar (adjective) – having two extremities.
42. duel (noun) – fight, battle, clash, contest, competition.
43. proposition (noun) – premise, concept, idea.
44. anti-incumbency (noun) – a situation which is against elected officials currently in power; discontent against ruling government/ party in power.
45. surface (verb) – emerge, arise, appear, come to light, come up.
46. behemoth (noun) - a very large and powerful company/organization.
47. hamstring (verb) – restrict, cripple, hinder, obstruct, slow down (the ability or efficiency of someone/something); to make ineffective, to make powerless.
48. narrow (adjective) – limited, restricted, circumscribed, small.

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49. [anchor](#) (verb) – secure firmly.
50. [embrace](#) (verb) – welcome, accept, support, back.
51. [umbrella](#) (modifier) – something (coalition) that has many different parts/elements.
52. [avatar](#) (noun) – type.
53. [do the hard yards](#) (phrase) - to do a task that demands great effort.
54. [social engineering](#) (noun) – the act of tricking someone into divulging (revealing sensitive (or) personal) information or taking action usually through technology. It is to take advantage of a potential victim's natural tendencies and emotional reactions.
55. [build up](#) (phrasal verb) – strengthen, improve, augment, raise.
56. [cultivate](#) (verb) - improve, better, refine, elevate.
57. [immerse](#) (verb) – involve, occupy, engage (deeply in a particular activity).
58. [stitch up](#) (phrasal verb) – arrange, organize (a deal/agreement to someone's benefit).
59. [array](#) (noun) – list, line-up.
60. [arithmetic](#) (noun) – calculation, reckoning, tally.
61. [constituent](#) (noun) – voter, elector, member of the electorate, member of a constituency.
62. [make sense](#) (phrase) – be accepted, be convincing, hold up, prove true.
63. [intuitive](#) (adjective) - instinctive, spontaneous, impulsive, unthinking.
64. [clasp one's hands](#) (phrase) - to hold your hands together tightly with fingers interlaced (with faith in religion and belief in God (or) out of fear, anxiety and etc.).
65. [jitters](#) (noun) – nervousness, uneasiness, anxiety.
66. [prospect](#) (noun) – chance, possibility.
67. [accelerate](#) (verb) – increase, escalate, expedite.
68. [commend](#) (verb) – recommend, suggest, put forward, propose.
69. [suitor](#) (noun) – admirer, beau, follower.
70. [fatal](#) (adjective) – destructive, devastating, dire, ruinous.
71. [\(the\) weak link](#) (phrase) – least dependable member (of a group); a vulnerable person or thing within an organization/system.
72. [aberration](#) (noun) - anomaly, deviation, divergence, abnormality, oddity, abnormality, eccentricity.
73. [laggard](#) (noun/adjective) – slower, delayer, snail, loiterer, lingerer (than expected).
74. [phenomenon](#) (noun) – event, happening, fact, situation, case.

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75. fare (verb) - perform.
76. existential (adjective) – relating to existence.
77. trap (verb) - get stuck, get caught.
78. equilibrium (noun) – stability.
79. hark back (phrasal verb) – recall, remember, recollect, think of something from the past.
80. Pachmarhi resolution of 1998 (noun) - In the Pachmarhi Declaration in September 1998, the Congress announced its decision that coalitions will be considered only when absolutely necessary and that too on the basis of agreed programmes which will not weaken the Party or compromise its basic ideology.
81. coalition (noun) – alliance, union, partnership.
82. absolutely (adverb) – completely, totally, utterly.
83. long-running (adjective) – long-lasting, unending, continuing.
84. rejuvenate (verb) – revive, restore, renew, revitalize, rejuvenate.
85. nationalism (noun) – it refers to a system (with a narrow set of ideas) created by a group of people who believe their nation is superior to all others. It is also a perception of national superiority and an orientation toward national dominance-called chauvinism (excessive nationalism).
86. neutralise (verb) – eliminate, cancel out, invalidate; counteract, counterbalance.
87. salience (noun) – prominence, importance, significance.
88. forthright (adjective) – direct, straightforward.
89. hamper (verb) – hinder, obstruct, impede.
90. sibling (noun) – offspring (usually, brother or sister).
91. after all (phrase) – most importantly, above all, beyond everything.
92. likely (adverb) – probably, in all probability, presumably, doubtlessly.
93. springboard (noun) – something which provides support or motivation to do a particular course of action.
94. radioactive (adjective) – contaminated, harmful, dangerous.
95. paint (verb) – portray, depict, describe, represent.
96. unholy (adjective) – immoral, corrupt, wicked; discordant, incompatible, unusual.
97. cynically (adverb) – ironically, desperately, in a distrustful way.
98. consolidate (verb) – bring together, combine, unite, merge, integrate.
99. evaporate (verb) – vanish, fade, disappear, contract, lessen.
100. back (verb) – support, endorse, advocate, promote, uphold.

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101. in line with (phrase) – in alignment with, in accordance with, conforming to.
102. aggregate (noun) - total, combined, complete, full, comprehensive.
103. stand a chance (phrase) – the only possibility for success.
104. privilege (verb) – give a privilege.
105. ally with (verb) - combine, unite, join, team up.
106. cobble (verb) – prepare hastily, put together roughly, patch together.
107. harmony (noun) – unity, solidarity, cooperation, agreement/concord.
108. outreach (noun) – the level of reaching out/activity/effort; involvement.
109. aggressively (adverb) – vigorously, strongly, powerfully, intensely.
110. court (verb) – seek, try to obtain, pursue, go after.
111. gesture (noun) – action, deed, move.
112. flock (verb) – go in large numbers.
113. tiff (noun) - argument, fight, disagreement, difference of opinion.
114. adroit (noun) - clever, skilful, adept.
115. jockeying (noun) – handling, managing.
116. interlude (noun) – interval, intermission, break.
117. brinkmanship (noun) – the practice of trying to achieve an advantageous outcome by pushing dangerous events to the brink (edge) of active conflict, especially in politics.
118. recalcitrant (adjective) – non-compliant, uncooperative, wilfully disobedient.
119. middle ground (noun) – agreement, understanding, settlement, terms, accommodation.
120. strike (verb) - achieve, reach, arrive at.
121. ceiling (noun) – upper limit, maximum, highest permissible level.
122. seemingly (adverb) – apparently, evidently, outwardly.
123. scarcely (adverb) – hardly, barely, only just.
124. luxury (noun) - blessing, benefit, advantage.
125. spurn (verb) - refuse, decline, say no to, reject, rebuff, turn down.

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